A guided internet-based problem-solving intervention delivered through smartphones for secondary school pupils during the COVID-19 pandemic in India: protocol for a pilot randomized controlled trial


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A pilot randomised controlled trial of a guided online problem-solving intervention delivered through smartphones for secondary school pupils during the COVID-19 pandemic in India: Study protocol

ABSTRACT

**Background:** ‘POD Adventures’ is a gamified mental health intervention delivered via a smartphone app and supported by counsellors for a target population of secondary school students in India. This paper describes the protocol for a pilot randomised controlled trial of a remotely-delivered version of the intervention in the context of COVID-19 restrictions.

**Objective:** The objectives are to assess the feasibility of research procedures and intervention delivery and generate preliminary estimates of the effectiveness of the intervention to inform the sample size calculation of a full-scale trial.

**Methods:** We will conduct a parallel, two-arm, individually randomized pilot controlled trial in 11 secondary schools in Goa, India. This pilot trial aims to recruit 70 participants with a felt need for psychological support. Participants will receive either the POD Adventures intervention delivered over 4 weeks or usual care comprising information about local mental health services and national helplines. Outcomes will be assessed at two timepoints: baseline and 6 weeks post-randomisation.

**Results:** The first participant was enrolled on January 28, 2021 and 6-week assessment completed on April 4, 2021. Due to a second wave of COVID-19 in India, schools in Goa were closed on April 22, 2021. Trial participants are currently receiving the intervention or completing follow-up assessments.

**Conclusion:** This pilot trial will help with understanding the feasibility of implementing and evaluating a remotely-delivered, digital mental health intervention in a low-resource setting. The findings will be used to design future trials that can address difficulties of accessing psychosocial support in-person and support wider efforts to scale up evidence-based mental health interventions for young people.

**Trial registration:** This pilot trial is registered with the National Institute of Health registry (www.clinicaltrials.gov), registration number NCT04672486, registered on December 17, 2020.

KEYWORDS

Randomised controlled trial; Online interventions; Smartphones; Adolescents; Schools; Mental health; COVID-19
INTRODUCTION

Globally, 10-20% of adolescents experience mental health conditions that are not seek help or receive care[1, 2]. The COVID-19 pandemic has increased the incidence of some youth mental disorders and exacerbated existing mental health problems[3-7], with worsening mental health outcomes linked to social isolation, disrupted education and worries about the future[8].

The pandemic has also led to rapid and large-scale changes in service provision, particularly in the transition to online delivery of care[9, 10]. At the same time, reviews of digital mental health interventions consistently raise concerns about the accessibility of digital technologies among disadvantaged groups[11] and difficulties keeping users engaged even among groups with access to technology[12]. Though promising gamified approaches have recently emerged[12, 13] evidence from low-resource settings is especially scare[14, 15].

The current protocol describes a pilot feasibility trial of ‘POD Adventures’, a novel gamified intervention delivered via a smartphone app and supported remotely by counsellors for a target population of secondary school students in India. Although the intervention was developed prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, the timing of the COVID-19 outbreak meant that the trial was launched in the midst of lockdowns and extended school closures. This required a pragmatic trial design that examined feasibility parameters related to the remote delivery and evaluation of POD adventures specifically, as well as offering insights into more general issues related to optimizing recruitment and sustaining engagement in online trials and interventions.

POD Adventures is part of the PRIDE research programme (2016–2022) that was conceived to address the scarcity of evidence-based interventions for common adolescent mental health problems in India and low-resource settings more broadly. This has involved developing and evaluating a suite of transdiagnostic psychological interventions that can be delivered by non-specialist (“lay”) counsellors in under-resourced school settings [16-18]. POD Adventures was conceptualized as an open-access, early intervention to promote adaptive coping and mitigate risks for developing more severe and socially disabling mental health problems in the longer term. The app was collaboratively designed with adolescents using a person-centered approach[19]. The intervention integrates brief guidance from a lay-counsellor with self-guided digital content from an app, in line with findings that human facilitation can enhance engagement with and outcomes of digital mental health interventions[12, 20]. Co-design workshops with young people and iterative piloting suggested that the optimal delivery mode for POD Adventures involved small group sessions with up to six students working independently on smartphones under the supervision of a counsellor. This offline, school-based format was evaluated in 2019-20 as part of an uncontrolled cohort study (N=248), with findings suggesting that the intervention was acceptable, engaging and feasible to deliver in school settings[18].

The current paper describes the protocol for a pilot randomised controlled trial of POD Adventures delivered in an alternative online format, necessitated by COVID-19-related school closures in 2020-21. School disruptions led us to reposition the intervention to be online and remotely delivered for students to use at home. The intervention maintains all elements of the pre-existing digital specification although modifications have been made for online recruitment and remotely delivered guidance from counsellors.
The specific objectives are to assess the feasibility of research procedures and intervention delivery and generate preliminary estimates of the effectiveness of the intervention to inform the sample size calculation for a full-scale trial.

METHODS

Design
This protocol adheres to the Standard Protocol Items: Recommendations for Interventional Trials (SPIRIT) 2013 guidelines[21]. The study uses a parallel, two-arm, individually randomized controlled trial design. Outcomes will be assessed at two timepoints: baseline and 6 weeks post-randomisation.

Setting
The trial will be conducted in partnership with 11 co-educational, Government-aided, English-medium secondary schools in Goa, India with an overall sampling frame of approximately 2500 students. Schools are relatively small with an average of 230 students within grades 9-12, which will be targeted in the current study. Goa is one of India’s most urbanized states and offers a relevant context in which to evaluate a technology-enabled intervention intended for low-resource settings. The schools comprise adolescents from both centrally located urban and remote rural areas of the state.

Eligibility criteria
Eligible participants will (i) be enrolled in grades 9-12 (ages 13-19 years) in collaborating schools; (ii) have access to an internet-enabled Android smartphone with a valid phone number for the duration of the pilot; (iii) be able to read and understand English; and (iv) provide their assent and parental consent (for participants under 18 years).

We will exclude students who (i) are unable to understand intervention materials (for example, due to a reading or hearing disability or inability to comprehend English); and (ii) are identified as having an elevated risk of self-harm or suicide and requiring external referral, based on a brief screening questionnaire and follow-up structured interview.

Interventions

Intervention arm

Content
POD Adventures is grounded in stress-coping theory[22], with a mechanistic focus on problem solving. The content of the POD Adventures app comprises two sections: ‘Adventures’ which teaches problem-
solving concepts and methods through contextually-appropriate games; and ‘My POD’ which scaffolds the student through the application of step-by-step problem-solving procedures to their own prioritized problems. This is built around the acronym ‘POD’ which corresponds to three problem-solving steps: (i) identify one or more current distressing or impairing problems (‘Problem identification’); (ii) identify ways of modifying the chosen problem or the accompanying emotional response, and select the most promising option (‘Option generation’); and (iii) implement the chosen solution and evaluate the outcome (‘Do it’) (Table 1). These problem-solving steps were originally refined and evaluated for use in non-digital intervention formats through earlier PRIDE studies[16]. The app will be provided in English with Konkani or Hindi (local language) voice-over options.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Content sections</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Delivery</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Problem identification</td>
<td>Problem identification and prioritisation. This section includes practising an emotion regulation exercise of ‘colour breathing’, a guided breathing exercise with visualisation.</td>
<td>Individual telephone onboarding to orient the student to the app and build rapport. Independent gameplay of the app with support and troubleshooting as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option generation</td>
<td>Generating options to solve the identified problems, learning to weigh pros and cons and selecting the best option. This section includes practising mindful stretching.</td>
<td>Independent gameplay of the app with support and troubleshooting as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Do it” plan</td>
<td>Making a ‘do it’ plan for selected option(s); practising an emotion regulation exercise of ‘happy place’, a guided imagery exercise of imagining a place the participant feels happy, safe and calm.</td>
<td>Independent gameplay of the app with support and troubleshooting as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Review</td>
<td>Reviewing the outcomes of the ‘do it’ plan and making a revised plan where necessary; practising any emotion regulation exercise of the participant’s choice.</td>
<td>Individual telephone review of student’s progress and understanding of POD steps. Independent gameplay of the app with support and troubleshooting as required.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Delivery**

The intervention is delivered individually through a combination of 1:1 telephone guidance and app use in the participants’ own time. In the first instance, participants will be directed to a dedicated study website to watch a two-minute video that provides an overview of the app and how to use it. They will then attend a 1:1 brief telephone ‘on-boarding’ session with a counsellor in which the counsellor offers an overview of the intervention and explores the participant’s prioritized problem(s). The counsellor will also provide the participant with a 4-digit app download password to download the app from the study website onto their own/shared family device. The app will be offered to participants for use in their own time over 4
weeks for a suggested minimum duration of 30 minutes per week. The app guides participants through the Adventures and My-POD sections and participants can choose to work on one or more self-nominated problems. They are encouraged to work at their own pace through all of the Adventures content, and with respect to at least one prioritized problem in My-POD, over 4 weeks.

For the duration of the study period, participants will receive a weekly reminder SMS containing messages of encouragement to use the app. They will also receive a notification to use the app if they do not log in for five consecutive days. On-demand telephone support from a counsellor will be available for addressing technical problems and clarifying app content throughout the study. A troubleshooting guide on app installation, resetting passwords, internet problems and how to get in touch with the study team will be available for participants to access on the study website.

Each participant’s progress through the app will be visible to their allocated counsellor via a secure web portal. During the fourth week of the intervention or on completing the app contents, whichever is first, a brief ‘review’ call will be arranged between the counsellor and participant via text message or phone call to discuss the participant’s progress, overall learning, and their plan for managing future problems. Participants who want additional help after the completion of the intervention will be provided with a self-referral sheet containing information about local and national mental health services.

Counsellors
Guidance will be provided by two bilingual English and Konkani-speaking lay counsellors. They have two years of experience in delivering a face-to-face (analogue) problem-solving intervention[17] and one year of experience in facilitating use of the POD Adventures app in school-based group sessions[18]. Although college graduates, the counsellors do not possess formal training in psychotherapy or experience beyond the scope of low-intensity problem solving. The counsellors have received an initial four-day office-based training built around a structured intervention manual.

Counsellors will offer individual guidance to each participant, comprising the scheduled on-boarding and review calls. In addition, counsellors will proactively make telephone calls to participants who do not use the app despite reminders.

Supervision will consist of weekly peer group supervision meetings (lasting approximately 1 hour), moderated by a psychologist. In each meeting, the counsellors will discuss progress of individual participants, review fidelity checklists of on-boarding and review sessions, and identify areas where troubleshooting or support might be required by any participants.

Control arm
Through the study website, participants will be sent a digital flyer consisting of information and contact details about local mental health service providers and two recently established government provided/affiliated helplines[23, 24].
Measures

Participant characteristics
At baseline we will collect descriptive socio-demographic data about the selected school populations and adolescents registering for the study. Students will provide their name, phone number, gender (male or female), date of birth, email address (optional), grade, home address, parent/guardian contact information, school name and how they learned about the study. Enrolled participants will also be asked to respond to four questions about their mobile phone and internet use relating to ownership and frequency of use.

Feasibility outcomes
Feasibility of research procedures will be assessed through routinely logged numbers and proportions of eligible/ineligible self-referrals (with reasons for ineligibility), assenting/consenting participants (with reasons for not assenting/consenting), randomised participants (with reasons for not randomizing), and completed outcome assessments (with reasons for non-completion).

Feasibility of the intervention delivery will be assessed using data on attendance, intervention completion (i.e., attendance at on-boarding and review telephone calls and use of the POD Adventures app) and counsellor-completed fidelity checklists of onboarding and review discussions.

Intervention processes will be assessed through the number and duration of contacts with counsellors, number of days between on-boarding and review sessions, amount of app content completion, and reasons for non-completion. Data about participants’ use of the app will also be captured securely from integrated analytics software. Key indicators will include login and logout timestamps, knowledge of problem solving assessed by multiple-choice quizzes, and self-reported use of problem solving in real-world situations.

User satisfaction data will be obtained from participants in the intervention arm at 6 weeks using an eight-item service satisfaction questionnaire[25] with four appended forced-choice items that ask specifically about the experience of using the POD Adventures app.

After the follow-up assessment, semi-structured qualitative interviews will be conducted with around 10-15 participants sampled purposively according to sex and age from both study arms; the exact number of interview participants will depend on thematic saturation. Interviews will be carried out over the phone by a researcher who has not been involved in intervention delivery. Participants will be asked about their experiences of online research procedures such as recruitment, use of the study website, consent and assessment procedures. Intervention arm participants will be asked additional questions about acceptability of using the intervention online, their experiences of guidance from counsellors, usability and utility of app features, and potential harms. Interviews will be audio-recorded and transcribed by a member of the study team.
Clinical outcomes

Clinical outcomes will be assessed using two validated self-report questionnaires that measure psychosocial problem severity (Youth Top Problems (YTP))\cite{26} and self-reported depression and anxiety (Revised Child Anxiety and Depression Scale – Short Version (RCADS-25))\cite{27}. Assessments will be carried out at two timepoints: pre-randomisation at baseline and post-intervention follow up (six weeks after randomisation). Measures will be collected online through the study website.

Sample size

We used a confidence interval approach for the calculation of sample sizes for external pilot randomised controlled trials\cite{28} which recommend a sample size of at least n=70 participants (35 per arm) to estimate the standard deviation for a continuous outcome with good precision for a pilot RCT.

Recruitment and consent procedures

The participant flow diagram is shown in Figure 1. The sampling frame consists of all students from relevant classes in the participating schools. Recruitment will be initiated using (i) a brief 20–30-minute sensitization session, delivered to individual classes either online (via virtual classrooms) or, where social distancing policies allow, in school using a slideshow and brief video containing information about the study; and (ii) distribution of an electronic or printed information flyer via school moderated email/WhatsApp groups explaining the study and how to participate.

Interested students will be invited to visit the study website (www.pod.sangath.in) where they will first be required to complete an eligibility assessment based on the study inclusion criteria. If the student is eligible, they will be able to watch an animated video about the study and read information about what study participation will entail. Ineligible students will be provided with a digital information flyer that includes details about local and national services and helplines. This will be provided in a language of their choice (English, Hindi or Konkani).

As part of the study registration process, eligible participants will be asked to provide basic demographic details and create a password for their use of the study website. Following registration, we will obtain digital consent from participants above 18 years and assent from participants below 18 years. Parent/guardian (“caregiver”) consent will also be obtained for participants below 18 years. Prospective participants and caregivers (if the index adolescent is aged under 18 years) will be presented with information in writing, supported by an audio soundtrack in a preferred language, on the study website. The information will be followed by a series of “yes” and “no” questions to establish understanding and willingness to enroll in the research, and verified by a digital signature. For assenting participants below 18 years, digital parental consent will be followed by a confirmatory telephone call to the parent/guardian from the study team within two working days.

A toll-free helpline will also be made available for prospective participants to ask specific questions and seek technical support for registration.
Allocation and randomisation

Each participant will be allocated a unique, anonymized ID number after registering on the study website. Upon completion of consent, a notification will be sent to the study data manager via a secure web portal designed for the study data collection. Randomisation will be performed by the data manager on this platform and the outcome of allocation will be communicated to the participants through a telephone call from a researcher and through an SMS alert, both of which will inform the participant to log in to the study website for information about their allocation. The study website will create a personalized dashboard that directs the participant to their next step.

The randomisation algorithm will be computer-generated and stratified by school grade using randomly sized blocks of four, six, and eight. Participants and counsellors will not be blinded to the allocation assignment. However, other members of the research team (the Principal Investigator, trial statistician and researchers) will remain blind to participation allocation status.
Figure 1. Consolidated Standards of Reporting Trials (CONSORT) flow diagram that will be used to illustrate participation throughout the phases of the POD Adventures pilot trial.
Data collection

Screening and initial assessments
The schedule for enrolment, interventions and assessments is summarized in Table 2. Participants will complete a self-screen for eligibility and then register on the study website. They will receive an automated SMS alert to complete the baseline assessment once assent/consent is received. A researcher will make contact by telephone to remind the participant if the baseline assessment has not been completed two days after this. The measures take approximately 15-20 minutes to complete online. Researchers will make up to four telephone attempts over the subsequent two weeks.

Follow-up assessment
Participants will receive an SMS reminder 42 days (i.e., 6 weeks) post-randomisation to complete the follow-up assessment on the study website. This will be accompanied by a telephone call from the researcher using a standardised script that asks participants to complete the assessment. Automated SMS reminders will be sent to the participants every three days over the next two weeks or until the follow-up assessment is completed on the study website. Researchers will make up to four telephone attempts following this due date, with a maximum allowance of two weeks.

Table 2: Schedule for enrollment, interventions and assessments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timepoint</th>
<th>Enrolment</th>
<th>Allocation</th>
<th>Follow up at 6 weeks post randomisation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ENROLMENT</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self-screener for eligibility</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Informed assent (participant) and consent (parent/guardian)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allocation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INTERVENTIONS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POD Adventures</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Usual care information</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Qualitative interviews

Within two weeks of completing the follow-up assessment, a subsample of participants, purposively selected from both trial arms, will be invited by telephone to take part in an interview.

Strategies for promoting participant compliance, retention and completing follow-up

Intervention participants’ attendance at scheduled telephone sessions will be logged by counsellors. We will also undertake the following activities to support adherence to study procedures in both trial arms:

(i) All participants will receive an SMS instruction to complete their baseline and follow-up assessments, along with SMS notification once this is completed
(ii) All participants will receive a telephone call from a researcher two days after the first SMS alert with an invitation to complete the baseline assessment, and as soon as their follow-up assessment is due
(iii) If a participant cannot be reached by telephone after four consecutive attempts, they will be sent an SMS text message and asked to opt in for any further contact
(iv) Participants in the intervention arm will receive an SMS reminder one day prior to onboarding and review telephone sessions
(v) All telephone calls and text messages, successful and unsuccessful, will be documented

Data security and management

The study will be hosted on the servers of Sangath, the implementing organization based in Goa, India. These servers will be encrypted, with data backups occurring daily. The study web portal and its associated data will be accessible only to authorized and approved personnel. When registering, participants will create password-protected accounts and the platform allocates a unique trial IDs to
participants. For analyses, data will be de-identified by removing names, contact information and any other personal identifiers. Students who withdraw from the study will have their data removed and a withdrawal confirmation notification will be sent from the research team by phone or email. All data will be stored securely for 10 years.

Monitoring and safety

Data monitoring
Monitoring and governance for the pilot trial will be provided by a Trial Steering Committee (TSC; comprising senior investigators and independent subject experts) and Data and Safety Monitoring Committee (DSMC; a fully independent group with relevant clinical and trials expertise). Any study protocol amendments will be agreed and formulated in conjunction with the TSC and DSMC and submitted to relevant institutional review boards for approval.

Harms
The study team will continuously monitor for any participant safeguarding concerns. At baseline, all participants will be screened for risk of self-harm or suicide. Risk will be identified using a brief screening questionnaire followed by a telephone-based structured assessment where indicated. If a participant reports the presence of any thoughts of self-harm or suicide during the baseline assessment or during on-boarding or review phone calls (intervention arm participants), a risk management session will be provided to the participant within 24 hours along with information about support services will be immediately provided by the counsellor. If deemed appropriate by the clinical supervisor, the participant will also be referred to an independent mental health specialist for further assessment/treatment. At the 6-week follow up assessment, all participants will be asked about any negative effects of using the intervention or participation in the study more generally.

COVID-19 precautions
The research team will implement the pilot trial in line with local and national public health guidance and make every effort to minimize in-person visits to schools unless specifically requested by schools. Health and safety measures outlined in local government guidelines for school reopening will be strictly followed by research staff who may visit schools as part of any recruitment activities. In addition, fieldwork safety training will be provided to all study team members. Study team members will employ measures to maintain physical distancing and use of personal protective equipment such as masks in line with local health and safety protocols.

Analysis

Statistical analysis
The statistical analysis for this pilot trial will be mainly descriptive in nature, aiming to provide estimates of key trial parameters and to inform power calculations for a future trial. The outcome measures will be summarized at baseline and at six-week follow up by trial arm. These will be summarized by means
(standard deviation), medians (interquartile range), or numbers and proportions as appropriate to relevant subgroups (defined by age, gender and baseline outcome score). For continuous outcomes, histograms will also be plotted within each arm to assess normality and whether any transformation is required. Analyses will be conducted to examine the effect of the intervention in normal and clinical subgroups (as measured by the RCADS-25).

**Qualitative analysis**
Qualitative interviews will be transcribed verbatim and downloaded to NVivo V.12. Thematic coding frameworks will be constructed to allocate codes to emergent themes within the data, facilitating their identification and organization. Transcripts will be independently coded to enable discrepancies to be identified and consensus reached about the interpretation and application of the coding framework. Data that do not fit the initial coding framework will lead to the generation of new themes and framework revision. Data will then be consistently classified, indexed and subject to thematic analysis using the refined coding framework.

**Ethics and safety**
Institutional Review Board approvals have been obtained from the Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR); Sangath (the implementing organization in India); Harvard Medical School, USA (the sponsor), London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, UK (collaborator) and the University of Sussex (collaborator). Individual school permissions have also been obtained for all participating schools.

The Principal Investigator (PI) will act as custodian of the data in accordance with legislation of the research sponsor (Harvard Medical School) and funder (Wellcome Trust, UK).

**Dissemination plan**
School reports, consisting of the mean aggregate scores for the measures, will be prepared and shared with the school at completion of the data collection period. The study results will be prepared for academic publication in open-access mode.

**RESULTS**

Student sensitization sessions began online and in-person on January 11, 2021. The first participant was enrolled on January 28, 2021 and their 6-week assessment was completed on April 4, 2021. Due to a second wave of COVID-19 in India, schools in Goa were closed on 22nd April. At the time of manuscript submission, trial participants are receiving the intervention or completing follow-up assessments, with all activities carried out remotely.
DISCUSSION

This paper describes the POD Adventures pilot trial, which aims to assess the feasibility of conducting a future large-scale trial of a gamified mental health intervention for secondary school students in India. Designed as an early intervention for common youth mental health problems, POD Adventures is intended to meet the growing need for mental health support among secondary school students in India[29]. All intervention and research activities have been moved online in the context of COVID-19 restrictions. The results will therefore offer specific insights into the viability of delivering and evaluating psychosocial interventions under conditions of social distancing and school closures.

An individually randomised design was chosen for this study due to the relatively small number of available schools, which ruled out an alternative cluster-randomised design. Risks of contamination are minimized through remote online delivery, which limits potential for communication between participants that might ordinarily occur in school settings. Additionally, the choice of a usual care control, consisting of information about other services and helplines, rules out the possibility of contamination due to the same counsellors interacting with both trial arms[30].

Key challenges of this study may be uptake and adherence. Despite the compulsory shift to online education for students across India, there is still varied access in smartphone ownership and internet connectivity[31]. Young people from high-income settings have reported many challenges impacting on their engagement with online interventions, such as limited access and technical issues, lack of time, doubts regarding the perceived helpfulness of the programme, and preferences for face-to-face help[12]. Further, delivery of self-directed digital programmes for youth at home and in other relatively un-monitored settings has been associated with relatively poor adherence[32]. A recent review of studies from Latin America showed similar challenges[33]. Low mental health literacy in our demographic may be another factor which may negatively impact uptake[34]. In anticipation of these challenges, the study uses a broad range of recruitment strategies aligned with existing best practice[15], such as in-person classroom sensitization (where possible), use of explanatory videos and flyers, and use of a toll-free telephone number for queries.

Competing demands for time may be another engagement barrier and has been previously observed in PRIDE studies conducted in Indian schools[16, 18]. Counsellor guidance and reminders via SMS or app notifications offered to participants in the intervention arm may positively impact retention[35]. Looking beyond the immediate context of this study, potential implementation barriers include a shortage of suitably trained, supervised and motivated school counsellors. To address this concern, a separate component of the wider PRIDE research programme will examine the effects of a digital training curriculum on competences of prospective school counsellors to deliver an evidence-based problem-solving intervention.

The strengths of this pragmatic pilot trial include the novelty of the intervention and its pivot from in-person to online delivery in a low-resource setting. Outcomes will be assessed via self-report, thereby lowering the risk of bias due to unblinded outcome assessments. The study should offer useful insights about the feasibility of remotely delivered mental health interventions for adolescents in similar contexts.
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Author contributions

PPG, DM and VP conceptualized the study. PPG led on drafting the protocol, with critical inputs from DM and VP. HAW contributed to the statistical analysis plan. PPG, BB, RS and AJ contributed to the coordination of the trial. EH, CF, PC and KC contributed to the refinement of the protocol. All authors read and approved the final manuscript. DM and VP contributed equally as senior authors.

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